



ZENITH



Advanced Epigenetic Technology
BIO-Europe Spring 2018
Amsterdam, The Netherlands

March 13th

Founded	Independent company spun out from Resverlogix in June 2013, Canada
Company	Clinical stage, developing novel epigenetic and immune-oncology drugs for oncology
Status	Private company, Full reporting issuer
Products and Technology	ZEN-3694 – BETi in Phase 1b clinical testing (single agent/ combination) Pre-clinical immuno-oncology and other solid tumors programs Epigenetic platform
Location	Calgary and San Francisco
Financing 2014-2016	\$ 44M from private investors @ \$1.00 USD per share
Shares Outstanding	134.0 MM fully diluted

Note: The Company continues to work on securing additional financing as previously disclosed.

Historical Timeline: Rapid & Efficient Progression

Company formation (2013)

Spun out of Resverlogix to focus on oncology and auto-immune indications

Expanded Platform

+ 2500 compounds synthesized. Crystal structures, optimized PK/PD properties. BETi biology & rationale

Clinical Candidate

ZEN-3694 selected as DC, superior therapeutic index, multiple back ups, IP published

1Q
2014



4Q
2015

1Q
2016



4Q
2017

Focused clinical strategy

IND accepted
MSKCC/UCSF selected as lead clinical sites (mCRPC)

Financing

Raised \$25M

FPI in single agent study, June 2016

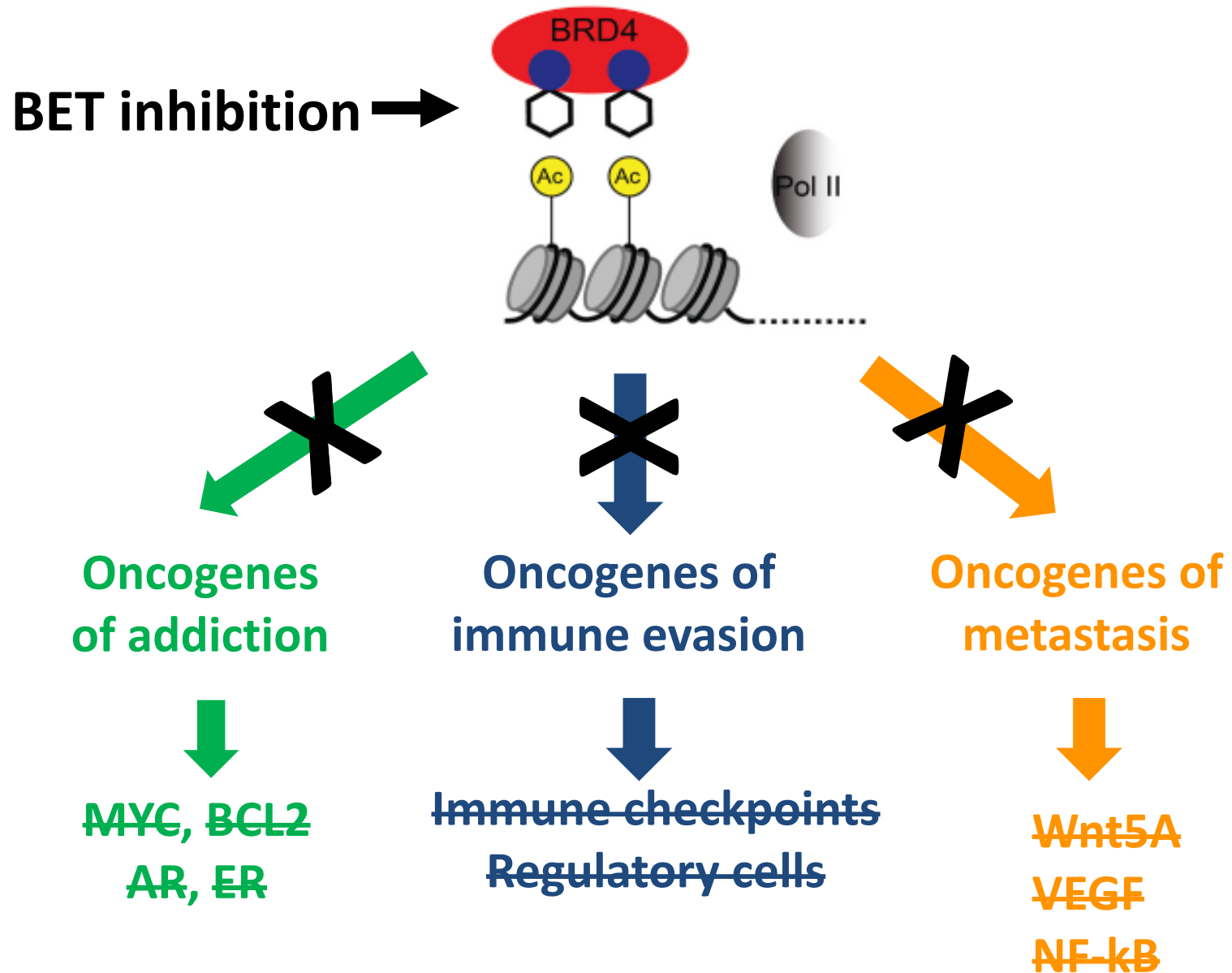
Biology Expansion

Immuno-Oncology, HRD, ER+ BC, next indications

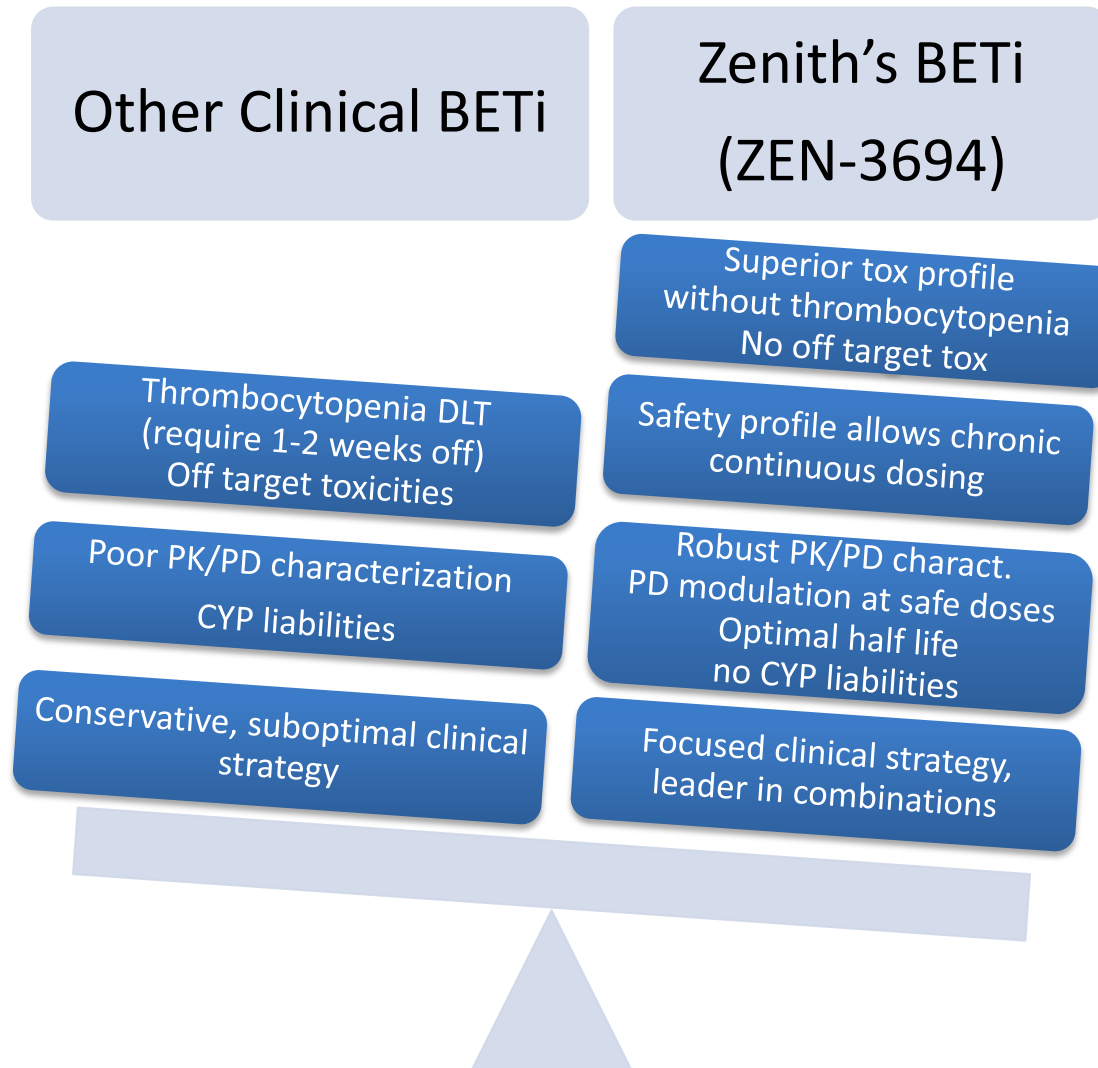
ZEN-3694 US patent issued in May 2017

- Phase 1b, FPI in combination trial in Jan 2017
- Single agent study completed in June 2017
- 50 patients dosed to date

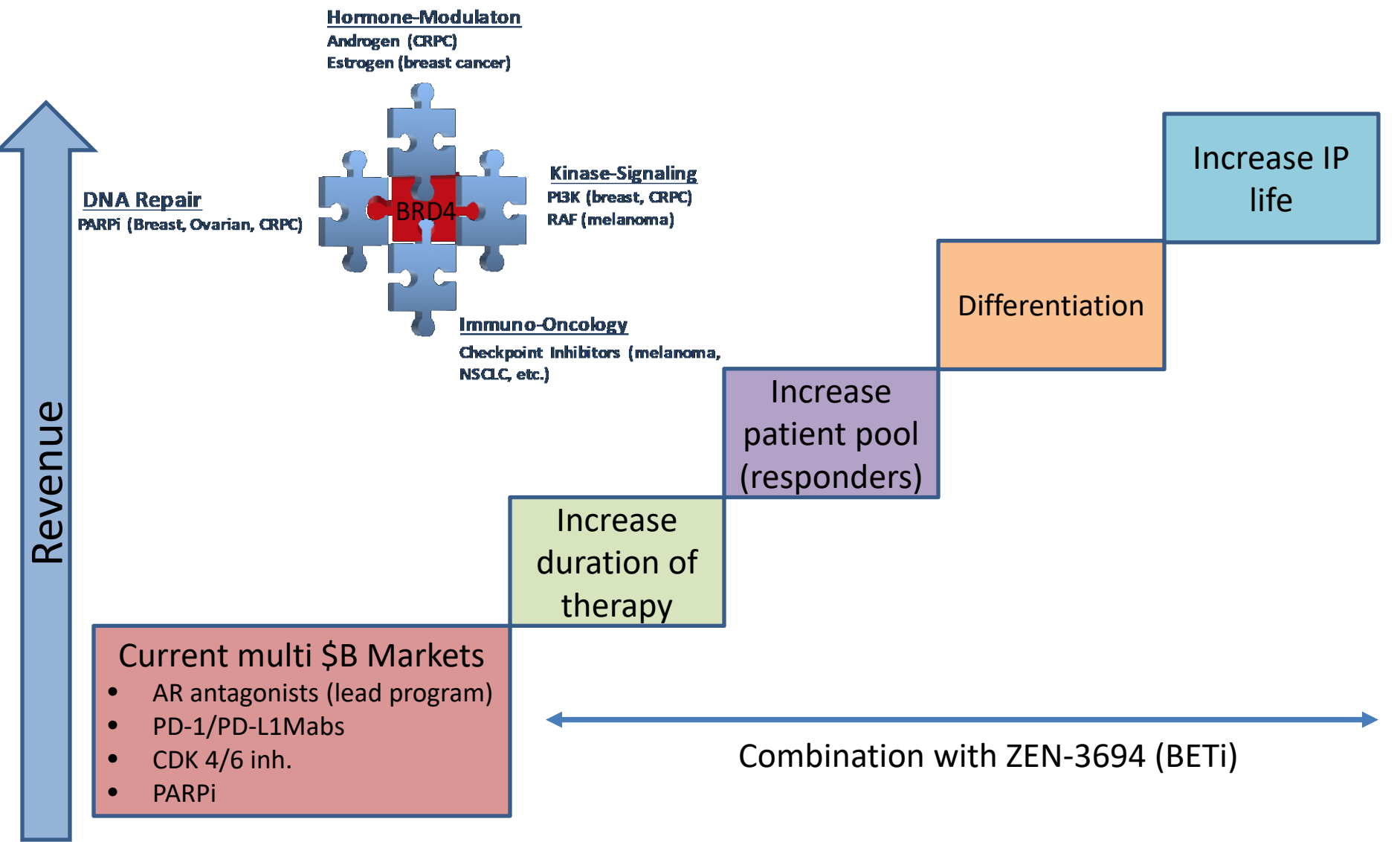
BET Inhibitors Block Tumor Oncogene Expression **ZENITH**



Zenith's BETi Program is Clinically Differentiated, Leader in Combination Approach



Developing Epigenetic Combination Therapies to Address Resistance & Significantly Increase Revenue of \$B Franchises



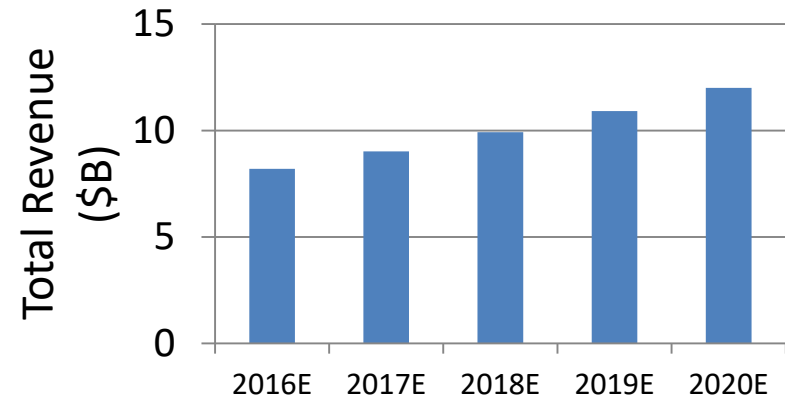
Current market and unmet need

- Over \$4B in sales in 2016 for enzalutamide / abiraterone,
- Almost all patients become resistant, no effective therapy in resistant patients
- Continuing high mortality rate in resistant mCRPC (50% 1 year survival, 28% in 5 years)

Opportunity for ZEN-3694

- Patients that progress on enza/abi
 - ~80,000 eligible patients in US/EU alone
- Enza/abi now in pre-metastatic/pre-hormone refractory setting
 - ZEN-3694 to move into 1st line mCRPC therapy, expanded population and duration on therapy
- >\$1B opportunity for ZEN-3694 in mCRPC, combination

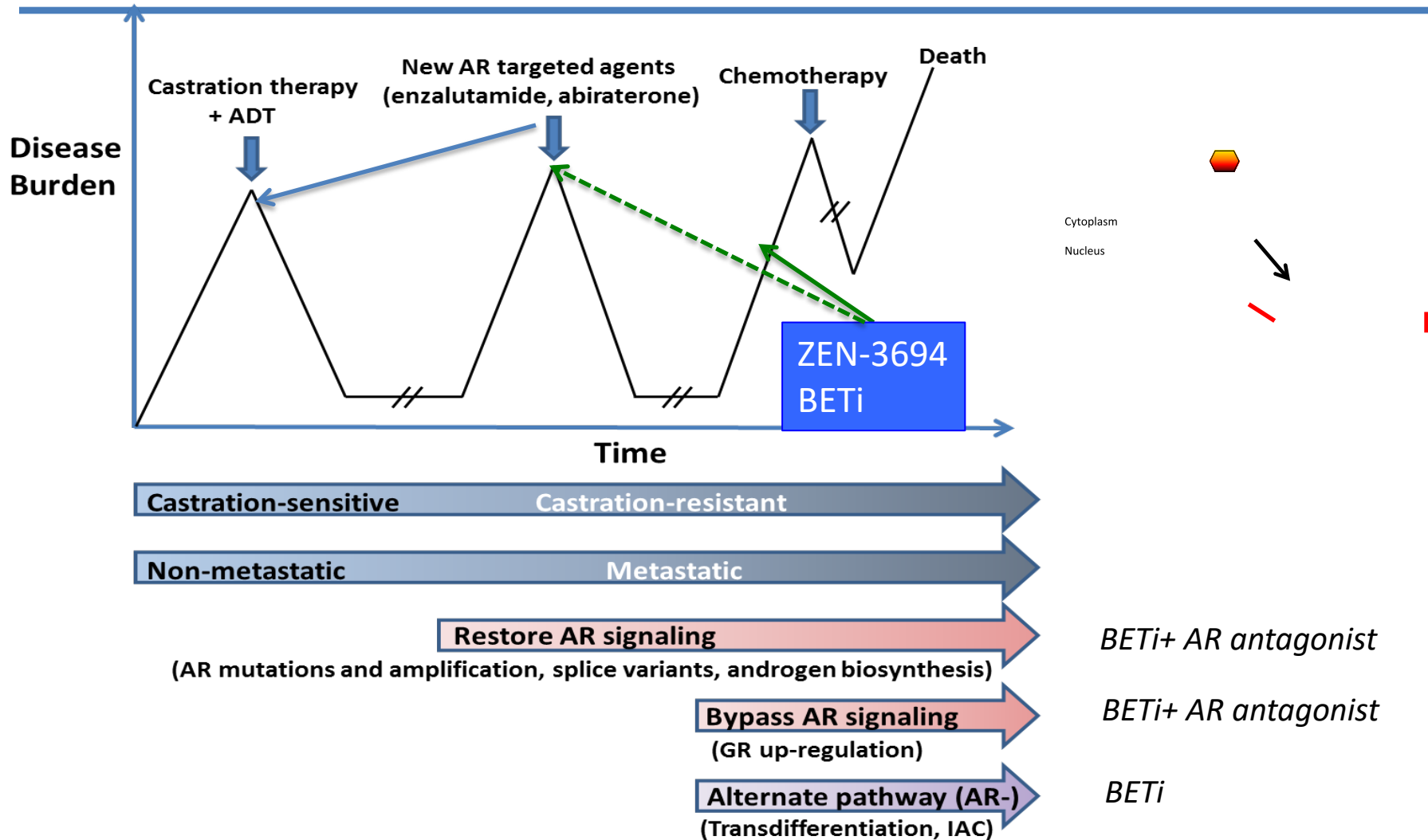
Prostate Cancer Market



The global prostate cancer market forecast to reach \$13B by 2024 in US/EU/Japan, driven by Zytiga (abiraterone), Xtandi (enzalutamide), Erleada (apalutamide), others

Castration-resistant Prostate Cancer (CRPC)

Disease Progression and Treatment Algorithm

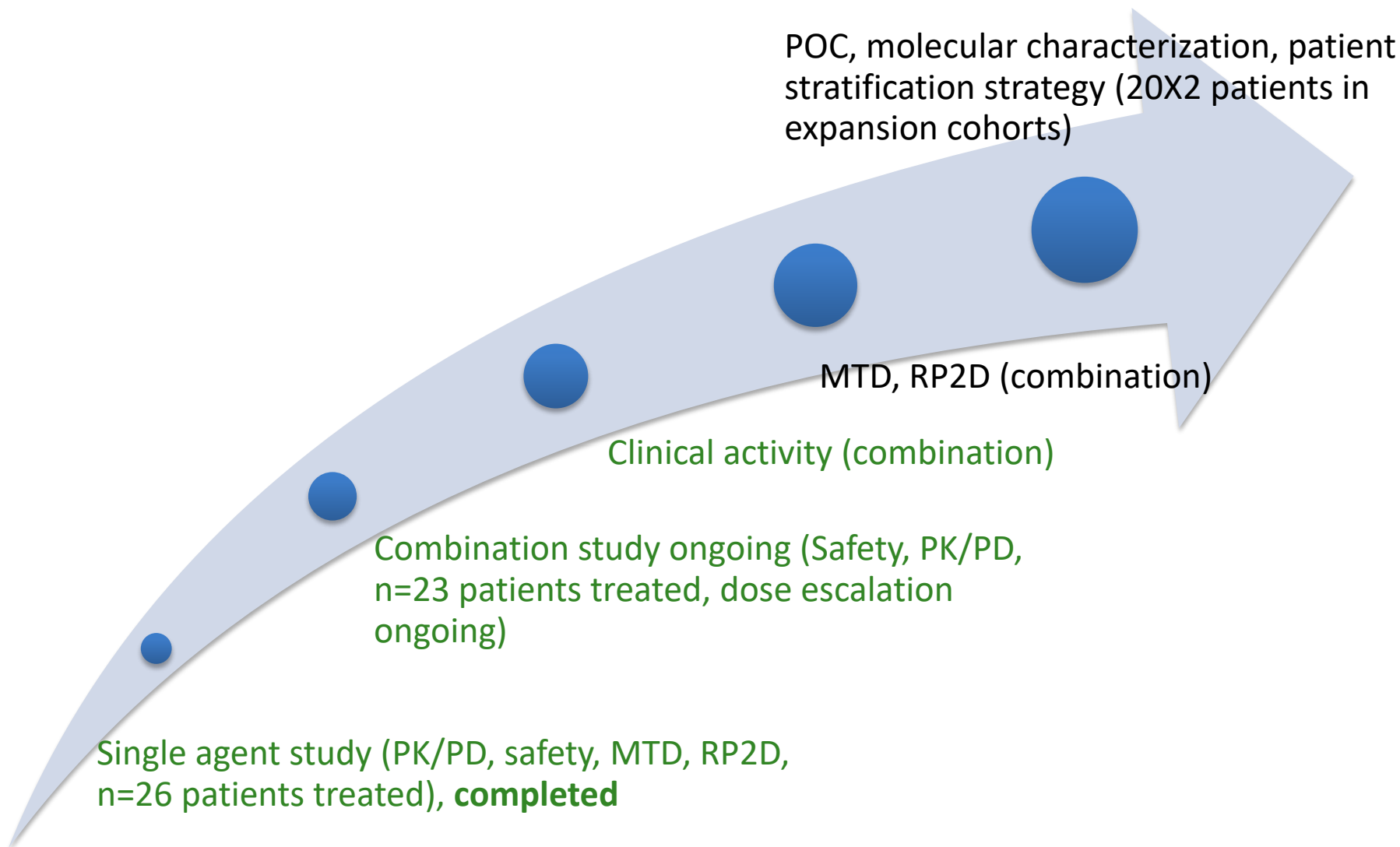


- Medical need for targeting patients resistant to AR targeted agents
- Need for targeting downstream AR signaling and resistance pathways
- AR antagonist moving to earlier stages of disease, ZEN-3694 also shifting left, expanded market

Zenith Has Recruited Leading Clinical Investigators for Phase 1b mCRPC Clinical Study



Name	Institution	Comments
Eric Small, MD <i>Chief, Dept. of Medicine</i>	University of California, San Francisco (UCSF)	Developed abiraterone, apalutamide
Rahul Aggarwal, MD <i>Developmental Therapeutics Specialist, Genitourinary Oncologist</i>		
Howard Scher, MD <i>Chief, Genitourinary Oncology</i>	Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center (MSKCC)	Developed enzalutamide
Wassim Abida, MD, PhD <i>Medical Oncologist</i>		
Joshi Alumkal, MD <i>Associate Professor</i>	Oregon Health Sciences University (OHSU)	Expert in epigenetics in prostate cancer research
Allan Pantuck, MD <i>Professor, Dept. of Urology</i>	University of California Los Angeles (UCLA)	Involved in enzalutamide and Provenge development
Elisabeth Heath, MD <i>Professor, Dept. Hematology/Oncology</i>	Karmanos (Wayne State)	Genitourinary oncology specialist
Michael Schweizer, MD <i>Assistant Professor</i>	University of Washington	Experience with AR antagonists
David Nanus, MD <i>Chief, Division of Hematology and Medical Oncology</i>	Weill Cornell University	Genitourinary oncology specialist



ZEN-3694 Development in mCRPC: Combination With Enzalutamide: Dose Escalation Ongoing

2017		2018	
1H	2H	1H	2H

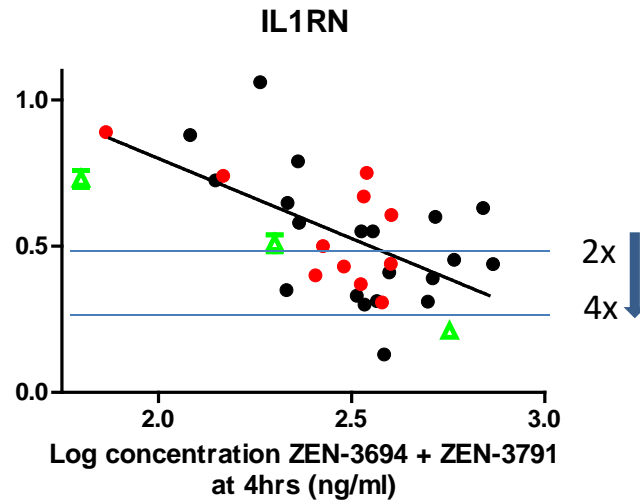
Combination dose escalation
ZEN-3694 + enzalutamide; Patients
progressing on **abiraterone or enzalutamide** N~30

Combination expansion
ZEN-3694 + enzalutamide; Patients
progressing on **abiraterone** N~20

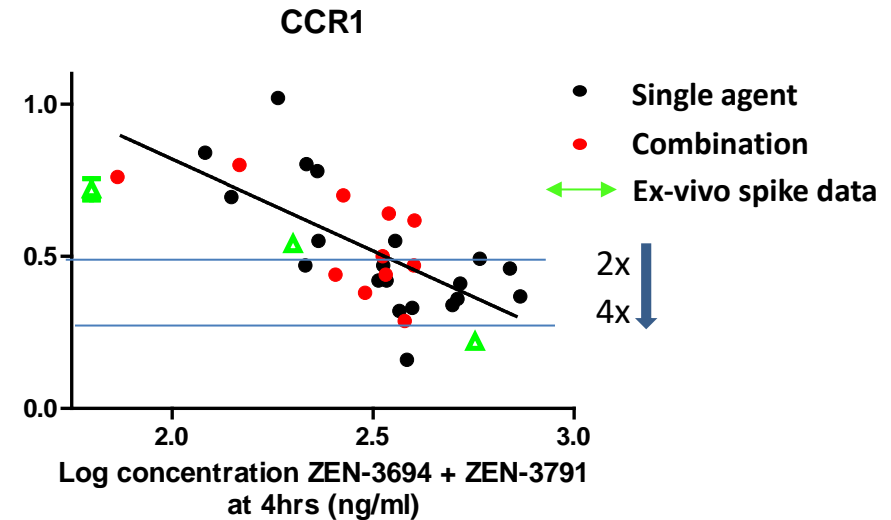
Combination expansion
ZEN-3694 + enzalutamide; Patients
progressing on **enzalutamide** N~20

- Dose escalation ongoing
- Dose proportional PK , no drug-drug interaction
- Very good safety profile, prolonged dosing without dose interruption/reduction is tolerated
- Robust target modulation at safe doses
- Antitumor activity, strong durable PSA responses
- 6 patients per dose to increase n for determining RP2D, 24 patients dosed to date in combination study

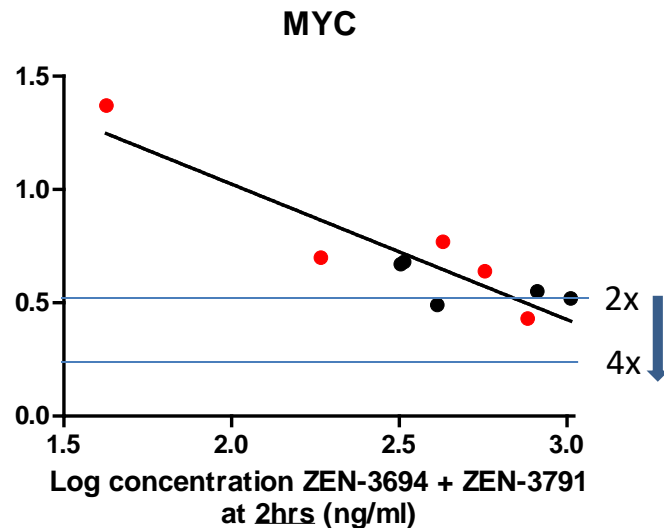
mRNA relative to baseline



mRNA relative to baseline



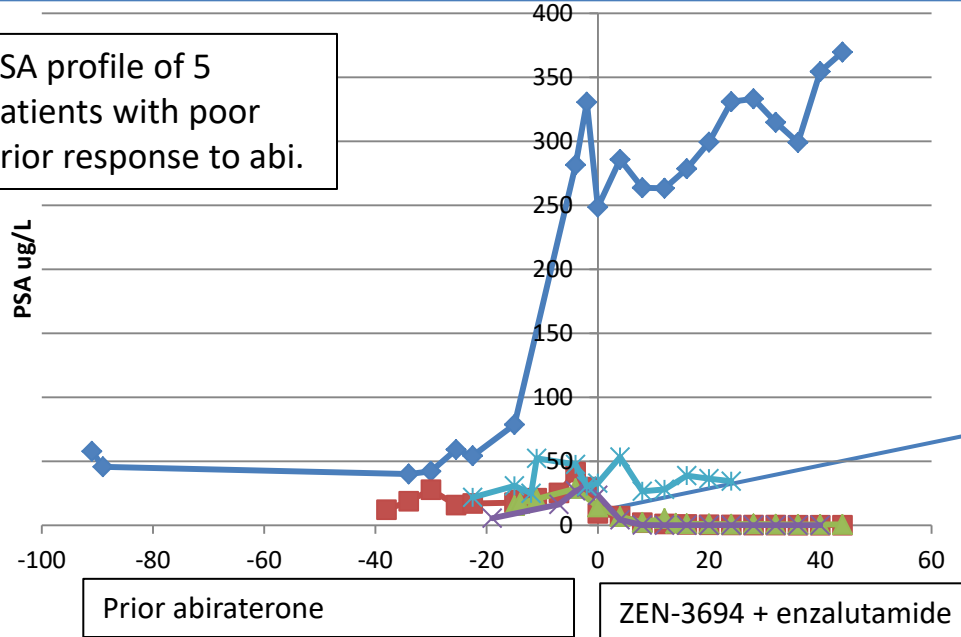
mRNA relative to baseline



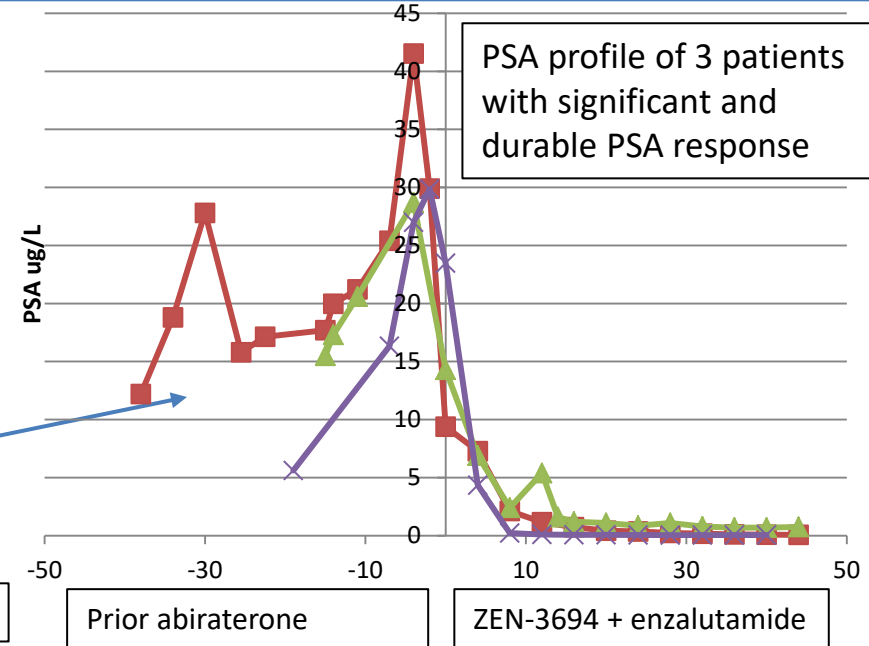
- Clear exposure-dependent pharmacodynamic effect
- Similar trend for monotherapy and combination
- Broadly, 2-fold decrease in IL1RN or CCR1 associated with plasma levels of >300 ng/ml (~1uM)
- Consistent with human ex-vivo spike data
- *MYC has a low response range in whole blood - better in hematological tumors (Yeh et al., 2017)*

Strong PSA Response With ZEN-3694 + Enzalutamide in Patients With Poor Prior Response to Abiraterone

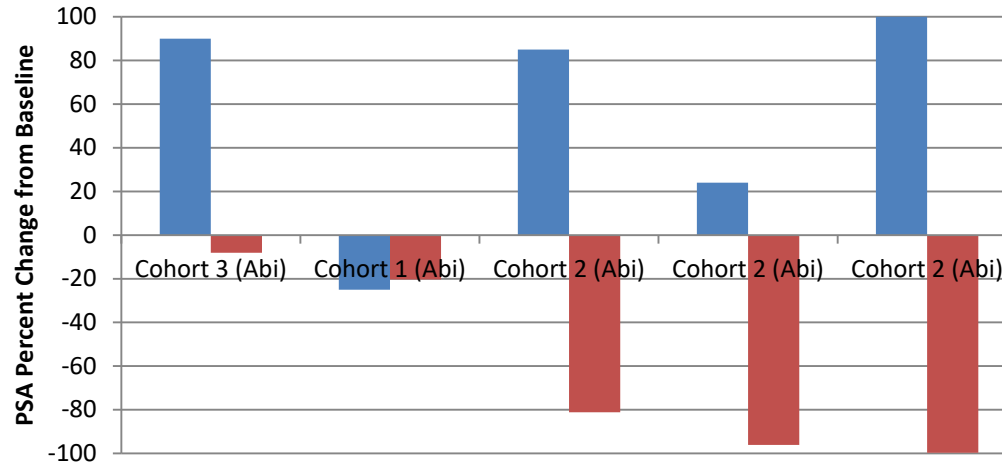
PSA profile of 5 patients with poor prior response to abi.



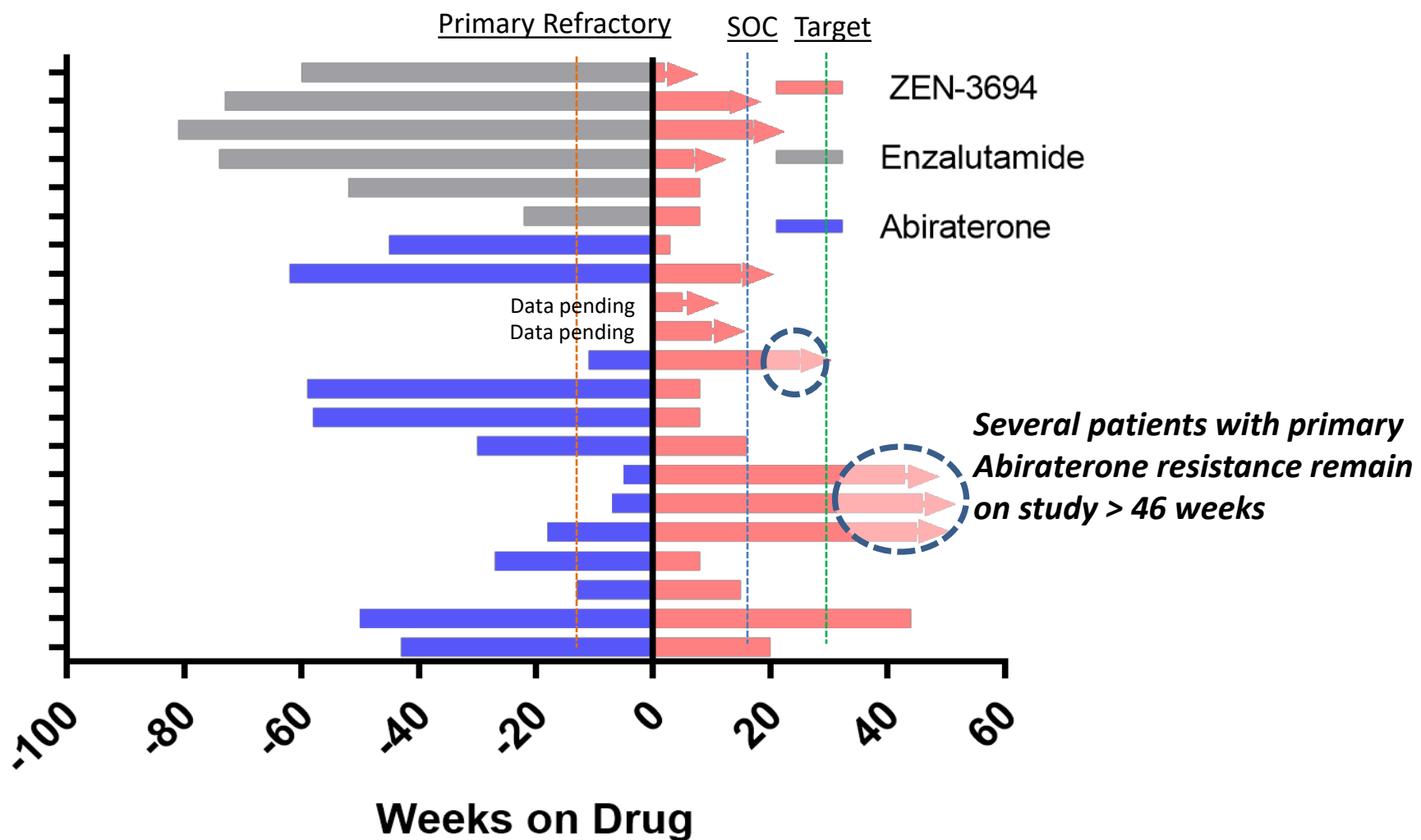
PSA profile of 3 patients with significant and durable PSA response



■ Prior Abiraterone PSA Response at 12 weeks ■ ZEN-3694 PSA Response at 12 Weeks

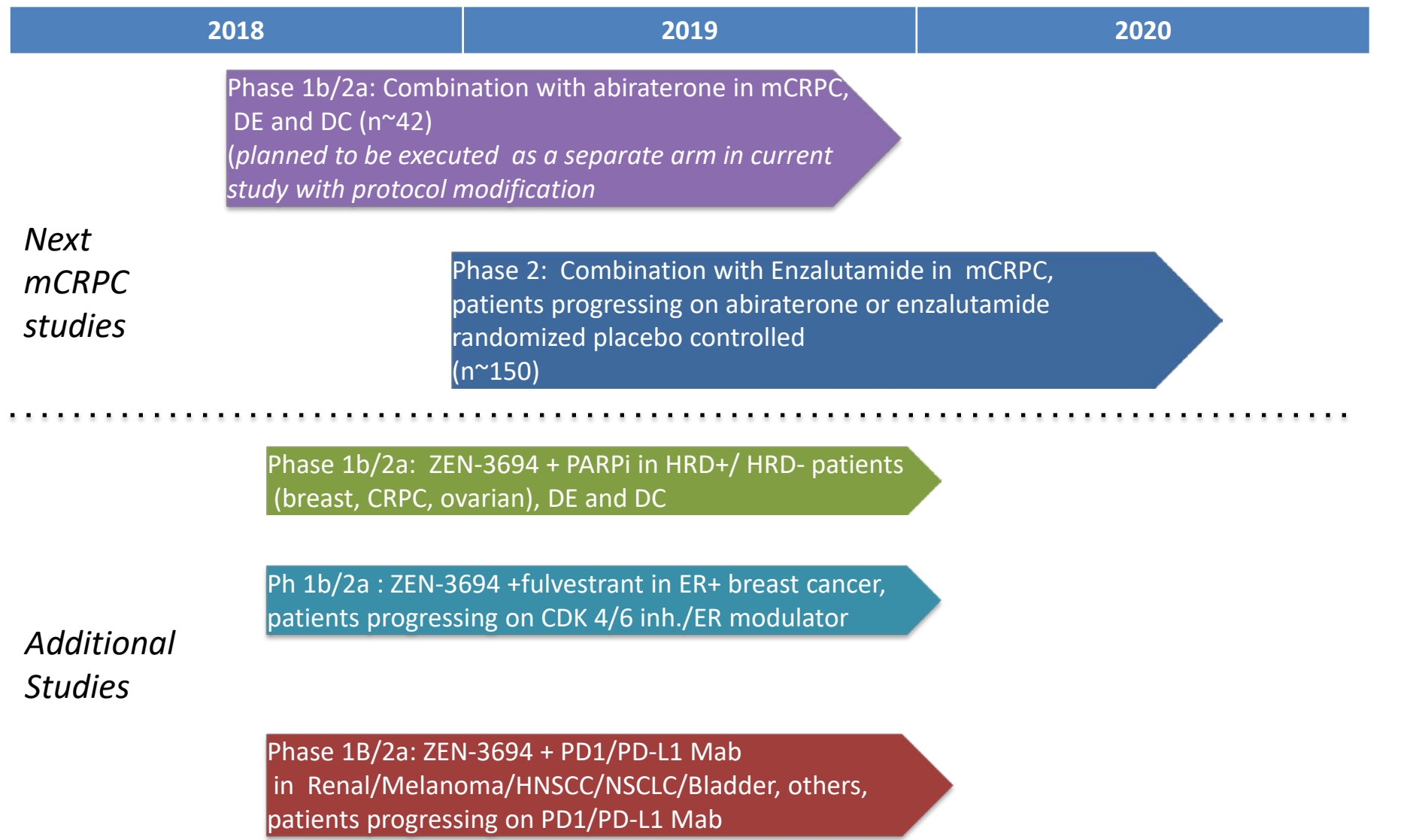


Long Duration of ZEN-3694 + Enzalutamide Therapy Without Radiographic Progression in Primary Abi Refractory Patients



Potential signal in abiraterone primary resistance patients, historically these are poor responders to enzalutamide

ZEN-3694 Clinical Planning: Focus on Efficient Biomarker Driven and Combination Trials



- Robust target modulation at safe doses
- Dose dependent exposure
- Activity signal in primary ARi refractory patients
- Comprehensive translational program in place, data analysis ongoing
- ZEN-3694 is clinically differentiated from other BETi